



MEMBER NOTICES

Regarding Your Benefit Plan Offered Through The Ohio Healthcare Plan Central Division Of OHI

Required Distribution

OHIO HEALTHCARE PLAN

October 1, 2018

Continuation Coverage Rights Under COBRA

INTRODUCTION

You are receiving this notice because you have recently become covered under a group health plan (the Plan). This notice contains important information about your rights to COBRA continuation coverage, which is a temporary extension of coverage under the Plan. This notice generally explains COBRA continuation coverage, when it may become available to you and your family, and what you need to do to protect the right to receive it.

The right to COBRA continuation coverage was created by a federal law, the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (COBRA). COBRA continuation coverage can become available to you and other members of your family when group health coverage would otherwise end. For more information about your rights and obligations under the Plan and under federal law, you should review the Plan's Benefit Book or contact the Plan Administrator.

You may have other options available to you when you lose group health coverage. For example, you may be eligible to buy an individual plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace. By enrolling in coverage through the Marketplace, you may qualify for lower costs on your monthly premiums and lower out-of-pocket costs. Additionally, you may qualify for a 30-day special enrollment period for another group health plan for which you are eligible (such as a spouse's plan), even if that plan generally doesn't accept late enrollees.

What is COBRA Continuation Coverage?

COBRA continuation coverage is a continuation of Plan coverage when coverage would otherwise end because of a life event. This is also called a "qualifying event".

Specific qualifying events are listed later in this notice. After a qualifying event, COBRA continuation coverage must be offered to each person who is a "qualified beneficiary." You, your spouse, and your dependent children could become qualified beneficiaries if coverage under the Plan is lost because of the qualifying event. Under the Plan, qualified beneficiaries who elect COBRA continuation coverage must pay for COBRA continuation coverage.

If you're an employee, you'll become a qualified beneficiary if you lose your coverage under the Plan because of the following qualifying events:

- Your hours of employment are reduced, or
- Your employment ends for any reason other than your gross misconduct. If you're the spouse of an employee, you will become a qualified beneficiary if you lose your coverage under the Plan because of the following qualifying events:
 - Your spouse dies;
 - Your spouse's hours of employment are reduced;
 - Your spouse's employment ends for any reason other than his or her gross misconduct;
 - Your spouse becomes entitled to Medicare benefits (under Part A, Part B, or both); or
 - You become divorced or legally separated from your spouse.

Your dependent children will become qualified beneficiaries if they lose coverage under the Plan because any of the following qualifying events:

- The parent-employee dies;
- The parent-employee's hours of employment are reduced;
- The parent-employee's employment ends for any reason other than his or her gross misconduct;

- The parent-employee becomes entitled to Medicare benefits (Part A, Part B, or both);
- The parents become divorced or legally separated; or
- The child stops being eligible for coverage under the plan as a "dependent child."

Sometimes, filing a proceeding in bankruptcy under title 11 of the United States Code can be a qualifying event. If a proceeding in bankruptcy is filed with respect to your employer, and that bankruptcy results in the loss of coverage of any retired employee covered under the Plan, the retired employee will become a qualified beneficiary with respect to the bankruptcy. The retiredemployee's spouse, surviving spouse, and dependent children will also become qualified beneficiaries if bankruptcy results in the loss of their coverage under the Plan.

When is COBRA Coverage Available?

The Plan will offer COBRA continuation coverage to qualified beneficiaries only after the Plan Administrator has been notified that a qualifying event has occurred. When the qualifying event is the end of employment or reduction of hours of employment, death of the employee, commencement of a proceeding in bankruptcy with respect to the employer (if the Plan provides retiree coverage), or the employee's becoming entitled to Medicare benefits (under Part A, Part B, or both), the employer must notify the Plan Administrator of the qualifying event.

For all other qualifying events (divorce or legal separation of the employee and spouse or a dependent child's losing eligibility for coverage as a dependent child), you must notify the Plan Administrator within 60 days after the qualifying event occurs. You must send this notice in writing to the Plan Administrator. IF YOU, YOUR SPOUSE OR YOUR DEPENDENT FAIL TO PROVIDE

TIMELY WRITTEN NOTICE TO THE PLAN ADMINISTRATOR AFTER A DIVORCE, LEGAL SEPARATION OR LOSS OF DEPENDENT CHILD ELIGIBILITY, THE RIGHT TO ELECT TO PURCHASE COBRA CONTINUATION COVERAGE IS WAIVED.

How is COBRA Coverage Provided?

Once the Plan Administrator receives notice that a qualifying event has occurred, COBRA continuation coverage will be offered to each of the qualified beneficiaries. Each qualified beneficiary will have an independent right to elect COBRA continuation coverage. Covered employees may elect COBRA continuation coverage on behalf of their spouses, and parents may elect COBRA continuation coverage on behalf of their children.

COBRA continuation coverage is a temporary continuation of coverage that generally lasts for 18 months due to employment termination or reduction of hours of work. Certain qualifying events, or a second qualifying event during the initial period of coverage, may permit a beneficiary to receive a maximum of 36 months of coverage. There are also ways in which this 18 month period of COBRA continuation coverage can be extended.

Disability extension of 18-month period of continuation coverage

If you or anyone in your family covered under the Plan is determined by the Social Security Administration to be disabled and you notify the Plan Administrator in a timely fashion, you and your entire family may be entitled to receive up to an additional 11 months of COBRA continuation coverage, for a total maximum of 29 months. The disability would have to have started at some time before the 60th day of COBRA continuation coverage and must last at least until the end of the 18-month period of continuation coverage.

A copy of the determination of disability by the Social Security Administration must be sent to the Plan Administrator within 60 days after the date the determination is issued and before the end of the 18-month maximum coverage period that applies to the qualifying event.

Any individual who is either the employee, a qualified beneficiary with respect to the qualifying event, or any representative acting on behalf of the employee or qualified beneficiary, may send the written notice to the Plan Administrator. Such individual(s) must further notify the Plan Administrator in writing within 30 days after a determination has been made that the person is no longer disabled. The Plan may require the payment of an amount that is up to 150 percent of the applicable premium for the period of extended coverage as long as the disabled individual is included in the extended coverage period.

Second qualifying event extension of 18-month period of continuation coverage

If your family experiences another qualifying event while receiving 18 months of COBRA continuation coverage, the spouse and dependent children in your family can get up to 18 additional months of COBRA continuation coverage, for a maximum of 36 months, if the Plan is properly notified about the second qualifying event. This extension may be available to the spouse and any dependent children receiving continuation coverage if the employee or former employee dies, becomes entitled to Medicare benefits (under Part A, Part B, or both), or gets divorced or legally separated, or if the dependent child stops being eligible under the Plan as a dependent child, but only if the event would have caused the spouse or dependent child to lose coverage under the Plan had the first qualifying event not occurred.

Are there other coverage options besides COBRA Continuation Coverage?

Yes, instead of enrolling in COBRA continuation coverage, there may be other coverage options for you and your family through the Health Insurance Marketplace, Medicaid, or other group health plan coverage options (such as a spouse's plan) through what is called a "special enrollment period." Some of these options may cost less than COBRA continuation coverage. You can learn more about these options at www.HealthCare.gov.

If You Have Questions

Questions concerning your Plan or your COBRA continuation coverage rights should be addressed to the contact or contacts identified below. For more information about your rights under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act (ERISA), including COBRA, the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA), and other laws affecting group health plans, contact the nearest Regional or District Office of the U.S. Department of Labor's Employee Benefits Security Administration (EBSA) in your area or visit the EBSA website at www.dol.gov/ebsa. (Addresses and phone numbers of Regional and District EBSA Offices are available through EBSA's website.) For more information about the Marketplace, visit www.HealthCare.gov.

Keep Your Plan Informed of Address Changes

In order to protect your family's rights, let the Plan Administrator know about any changes in the addresses of family members. You should also keep a copy, for your records, of any notices you sent to the Plan Administrator.

PLAN CONTACT INFORMATION:

COBRA Administrator Allied Benefit Systems 200 w. Adams Street Suite 500 Chicago, IL 60606 1-800-288-2078

WOMEN'S HEALTH AND CANCER RIGHTS ACT OF 1998: NOTICE OF RIGHTS

The Women's Health and Cancer Rights Act of 1998 (WHCRA) is a federal law that provides protections to patients who choose to have breast reconstruction in connection with a mastectomy. The terms of WHCRA provide:

A group health plan, and a health insurance issuer providing health insurance in connection with a group health plan, that provides medical and surgical benefits with respect to a mastectomy shall provide, in a case of a participant or beneficiary who is receiving benefits in connection with a mastectomy and who elects breast reconstruction in connection with such mastectomy, coverage for:

- all stages of reconstruction of the breast on which the mastectomy has been performed;
- 2. surgery and reconstruction of the other breast to produce a symmetrical appearance; and
- 3. prosthesis and physical complications of all stages of mastectomy, including lymphedemas; in a manner determined in consultation with the attending physician and the patient. Such coverage may be subject to the annual deductibles and coinsurance provisions as may be deemed appropriate and as are consistent with those established for other benefits under the plan or coverage.

If you have any questions about the Ohio Healthcare Plan's provisions relating to the Women's Health and Breast Cancer Rights Act of 1998 contact your Claim Administrator at 1-800 288-2078.

NEWBORN'S AND MOTHERS HEALTH PROTECTION ACT

Under the provisions of The Newborn's and Mothers Health Protection Act, group health

plans and health insurance issuers generally may not, under federal law, restrict benefits for any hospital length of stay in connection with childbirth for the mother or newborn child to less than 48 hours following a vaginal delivery, or less than 96 hours following a Caesarean section. However, federal law generally does not prohibit the mother's or newborn's attending provider, after consulting with the mother, from discharging the mother or her newborn earlier than 48 hours (or 96 hours as applicable). In any case, plans and issuers may not, under federal law, require that a provider obtain authorization from the plan or the issuer for prescribing a length of stay not in excess of 48 hours (or 96 hours).

CREDITABLE COVERAGE DISCLOSURE

Important Notice from the Ohio Healthcare Plan about Your Prescription Drug Coverage and Medicare:

Please read this notice carefully and keep it where you can find it. This notice has information about your current prescription drug coverage, effective January 1, 2018, to December 31, 2018, with the Ohio Healthcare Plan and your options under the Medicare's prescription drug coverage. This information can help you decide whether or not you want to join a Medicare drug plan. If you are considering joining, you should compare your current coverage, including which drugs are covered at what cost, with the coverage and costs of the plans offering Medicare prescription drug coverage in your area. Information about where you can get help to make decisions about your prescription drug coverage is at the end of this notice.

There are two important things you need to know about your current coverage and Medicare's prescription drug coverage:

 Medicare prescription drug coverage became available in 2006 to everyone with Medicare. You can get this coverage if you join a Medicare Prescription Drug Plan or join a Medicare Advantage Plan (like an HMO or PPO) that offers prescription drug coverage. All Medicare drug plans provide at least a standard level of coverage set by Medicare. Some plans may also offer more coverage for a higher monthly premium.

• The Ohio Healthcare Plan has determined that the prescription drug coverage offered by the Ohio Healthcare Plan is, on average for all plan participants, expected to pay out as much as standard Medicare prescription drug coverage pays and is therefore considered Creditable Coverage. Because your existing coverage is Creditable Coverage, you can keep this coverage and may not pay a higher premium (a penalty) if you later decide to join a Medicare drug plan.

WHEN CAN YOU JOIN A MEDICARE DRUG PLAN?

You can join a Medicare drug plan when you first become eligible for Medicare and each year from October 15 through December 7. However, if you lose your current creditable prescription drug coverage, through no fault of your own, you will also be eligible for a two (2) month Special Enrollment Period (SEP) to join a Medicare drug plan.

WHAT HAPPENS TO YOUR CURRENT COVERAGE IF YOU DECIDE TO JOIN A MEDICARE DRUG PLAN?

If you decide to join a Medicare drug plan, your current Ohio Healthcare Plan coverage will not be affected. The Ohio Healthcare Plan has determined that the prescription drug coverage offered through the Ohio Healthcare Plan is, on average for all participants, expected to pay out as much as standard Medicare prescription drug coverage pays and is therefore considered Creditable Coverage. Because your existing coverage is Creditable Coverage, you can keep this coverage and not pay a higher premium (a penalty) if you later decide to join a Medicare

drug plan. Contact your Ohio Healthcare Plan administrator for more details on your prescription benefits.

If you decide to join a Medicare drug plan and drop your current medical coverage, be aware that you and your dependents will not be able to get this coverage back unless you experience a qualifying event or sign up during Open Enrollment.

WHEN WILL YOU PAY A HIGHER PREMIUM (PENALTY) TO JOIN A MEDICARE DRUG PLAN?

You should also know that if you drop or lose your current coverage with the Ohio Healthcare Plan and don't join a Medicare drug plan within 63 continuous days after your current coverage ends, you may pay a higher premium (a penalty) to join a Medicare drug plan later. If you go 63 continuous days or longer without creditable prescription drug coverage, your monthly premium may go up by at least 1 percent of the Medicare base beneficiary premium per month for every month that you did not have that coverage. For example, if you go nineteen months without Creditable Coverage, your premium may consistently be at least 19 percent higher than the Medicare base beneficiary premium. You may have to pay this higher premium (a penalty) as long as you have Medicare prescription drug coverage. In addition, you may have to wait until the following October to join.

FOR MORE INFORMATION ABOUT THIS NOTICE OR YOUR CURRENT PRESCRIPTION DRUG COVERAGE

If you want more information, contact Allied Benefit Systems 1-800-288-2078.

NOTE: you will receive this notice each year. You will also receive it before the next period you can join a Medicare drug plan, and if this coverage through the Ohio Healthcare Plan changes. You may also request a copy of this notice any time.

FOR MORE INFORMATION ABOUT YOUR OPTIONS UNDER MEDICARE PRESCRIPTION DRUG COVERAGE

More detailed information about Medicare plans that offer prescription drug coverage is in the "Medicare & You" handbook. You will receive a copy of the handbook in the mail every year from Medicare. You may also be contacted directly by Medicare drug plans. For more information about Medicare prescription drug coverage:

Visit: www.medicare.gov. Call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048

If you have limited income and resources, extra help paying for Medicare prescription drug coverage is available. For information about this extra help, visit Social Security at www.socialsecurity.gov or call them at 1-800-772-1213.

To see if your State has a premium assistance program, or for more information on special enrollment rights you can contact either: U.S. Department of Labor Employee Benefits Security Administration www.dol.gov/ebsa 1-866-444-EBSA (3272)

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services www.cms.hhs.gov

1-877 267-2323, Ext 61565

Remember: Keep this Creditable Coverage notice. If you decide to join one of the Medicare drug plans, you may be required to provide a copy of this notice when you join to show whether or not you have maintained Creditable Coverage and, therefore, whether or not you are required to pay a higher premium (a penalty).

Premium Assistance Under Medicaid and the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP)

If you or your children are eligible for Medicaid or CHIP and you're eligible for health coverage from your employer, your state may have a premium assistance program that can help pay for coverage, using funds from their Medicaid or CHIP programs. If you or your children aren't eligible for Medicaid or CHIP, you won't be eligible for these premium assistance programs but you may be able to buy individual insurance coverage through the Health Insurance Marketplace. For more information, visit www.healthcare.gov.

If you or your dependents are already enrolled in Medicaid or CHIP and you live in a State listed below, contact your State Medicaid or CHIP office to find out if premium assistance is available.

If you or your dependents are NOT currently enrolled in Medicaid or CHIP, and you think you or any of your dependents might be eligible for either of these programs, contact your State Medicaid or CHIP office or dial **1-877-KIDS**NOW or www.insurekidsnow.gov to find out how to apply. If you qualify, ask your state if it has a program that might help you pay the premiums for an employer-sponsored plan.

If you or your dependents are eligible for premium assistance under Medicaid or CHIP, as well as eligible under your employer plan, your employer must allow you to enroll in your employer plan if you aren't already enrolled. This is called a "special enrollment" opportunity, and you must request coverage within 60 days of being determined eligible for premium assistance. If you have questions about enrolling in your employer plan, contact the Department of Labor at www.askebsa.dol.gov or call 1-866-444-EBSA (3272).

If you live in one of the following states, you may be eligible for assistance paying your employer health plan premiums. The following list of states is current as of July 31,2018. Contact your State for more information on eligibility.

ALABAMA – Medicaid	FLORIDA – Medicaid
Website: http://myalhipp.com/	Website: http://flmedicaidtplrecovery.com/hipp/
Phone: 1-855-692-5447	Phone: 1-877-357-3268
ALASKA – Medicaid	GEORGIA – Medicaid
The AK Health Insurance Premium Payment Program	Website: http://dch.georgia.gov/medicaid
Website: http://myakhipp.com/	- Click on Health Insurance Premium Payment (HIPP)
Phone: 1-866-251-4861	Phone: 404-656-4507
Email: <u>CustomerService@MyAKHIPP.com</u>	
Medicaid Eligibility:	
http://dhss.alaska.gov/dpa/Pages/medicaid/default.aspx	
ARKANSAS – Medicaid	INDIANA – Medicaid
Website: http://myarhipp.com/	Healthy Indiana Plan for low-income adults 19-64
Phone: 1-855-MyARHIPP (855-692-7447)	Website: http://www.in.gov/fssa/hip
	Phone: 1-877-438-4479
	All other Medicaid
	Website: http://www.indianamedicaid.com
	Phone 1-800-403-0864
COLORADO – Medicaid	IOWA – Medicaid
Health First Colorado Website:	Website: http://www.dhs.iowa.gov/hawk-i
https://www.healthfirstcolorado.com/	Phone: 1-800-257-8563
Health First Colorado Member Contact Center: 1-800-	
221-3943/State Relay 711	
CHP+: Colorado.gov/HCPF/Child-Health-Plan=Plus	
CHP + Customer Service: 1-800-359-1991/ State Relay 711	

KANSAS – Medicaid	NEW HAMPSHIRE – Medicaid
Website: http://www.kdheks.gov/hcf/	Website: http://www.dhhs.nh.gov/ombp/nhhpp
Phone: 1-785-296-3512	Phone: 603-271-5218
KENTUCKY – Medicaid	NEW JERSEY – Medicaid and CHIP
Website: http://chfs.ky.gov	Medicaid Website:
Phone: 1-800-635-2570	http://www.state.nj.us/humanservices/
	dmahs/clients/medicaid/
	Medicaid Phone: 609-631-2392
	CHIP Website: http://www.njfamilycare.org/index.html
	CHIP Phone: 1-800-701-0710

LOUISIANA – Medicaid	NEW YORK – Medicaid
Website:	Website:
http://dhh.louisiana.gov/index.cfm/subhome/1/n/331	http://www.nyhealth.gov/health_care/medicaid/
Phone: 1-888-695-2447	Phone: 1-800-541-2831
MAINE – Medicaid	NORTH CAROLINA – Medicaid
Website: http://www.maine.gov/dhhs/ofi/public-	Website: http://www.ncdhhs.gov/dma
assistance/index.html	Phone: 919-855-4100
Phone: 1-800-442-6003	
TTY: Maine relay 711	
MASSACHUSETTS – Medicaid and CHIP	NORTH DAKOTA – Medicaid
Website:	Website:
http://www.mass.gov/eohhs/gov/departments/massheal	http://www.nd.gov/dhs/services/medicalserv/medicaid/
<u>th/ Phone: 1-800-862-4840</u>	Phone: 1-844-854-4825
MINNESOTA – Medicaid	OKLAHOMA – Medicaid and CHIP
Website: http:mn.gov/dhs/people-we-	Website: http://www.insureoklahoma.org
serve/seniors/health-care-programs/programs-and-	Phone: 1-888-365-3742
services/medical-assistance.isp	
Phone: 1-800-657-3739	ODEGON M P 11
MISSOURI – Medicaid Website:	OREGON – Medicaid Website: http://healthcare.oregon.gov/Pages/index.aspx
http://www.dss.mo.gov/mhd/participants/pages/hipp.ht	http://www.oregonhealthcare.gov/index-
m	es.html
Phone: 573-751-2005	Phone: 1-800-699-9075
MONTANA – Medicaid	PENNSYLVANIA – Medicaid
Website:	Website:
http://dphhs.mt.gov/MontanaHealthcarePrograms/HIP	http://www.dhs.pa.gov/provider/medicalassistance/heal
P	thinsurancepremiumpaymenthippprogram/index.htm
Phone: 1-800-694-3084	Phone: 1-800-692-7462
NEBRASKA – Medicaid	RHODE ISLAND – Medicaid
Website: http://www.ACCESSNebraska.ne.gov Phone:	Website: http://www.eohhs.ri.gov/
855-632-7633 Lincoln:402-473-7000	Phone: 401-462-5300
Omaha: 402-595-1178	
NEVADA – Medicaid	SOUTH CAROLINA – Medicaid
Medicaid Website: http://dwss.nv.gov/	Website: http://www.scdhhs.gov
Medicaid Phone: 1-800-992-0900	Phone: 1-888-549-0820

SOUTH DAKOTA	- Medicaid	WASHINGTON – Medicaid
Website: http://dss.sd.gov		Website: http://www.hca.wa.gov/free-or-low-cost-
Phone: 1-888-828-0059		health-care/program-administration/premium-
		<u>payment-program</u>
		Phone: 1-800-562-3022 ext. 15473

TEXAS – Medicaid	WEST VIRGINIA – Medicaid
Website: http://gethipptexas.com/	Website: http://mywvhipp.com/
Phone: 1-800-440-0493	Toll Free Phone: 1-855-MyWVHIPP (1-855-669-8447)
UTAH – Medicaid and CHIP	WISCONSIN – Medicaid and CHIP
Website:	Website:
Medicaid: http://health.utah.gov/medicaid	https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/publications/p1/p10095.
CHIP: http://health.utah.gov/chip	<u>pdf</u>
Phone: 1-877-543-7669	Phone: 1-800-362-3002
VERMONT– Medicaid	WYOMING – Medicaid
Website: http://www.greenmountaincare.org/	Website: https://wyequalitycare.acs-inc.com/
Phone: 1-800-250-8427	Phone: 307-777-7531
VIRGINIA – Medicaid and CHIP	
Medicaid Website:	
http://www.coverva.org/programs premium assistance.	
<u>cfm</u>	
Medicaid Phone: 1-800-432-5924	
CHIP Website:	
http://www.coverva.org/programs premium assistance.	
<u>cfm</u>	
CHIP Phone: 1-855-242-8282	

To see if any other states have added a premium assistance program since July 31, 2018, or for more information on special enrollment rights, contact either:

U.S. Department of Labor

Employee Benefits Security Administration www.dol.gov/ebsa

1-866-444-EBSA (3272)

U.S Department of Health and Human Services Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services www.cms.hhs.gov

1-877-267-2323, Menu Option, Ext 61565

OMB Control Number 1210-0137 (expires 10/31/2016)

NOTICE OF PRIVACY PRACTICES

THIS NOTICE DESCRIBES HOW HEALTH INFORMATION ABOUT YOU MAY BE USED AND DISCLOSED AND HOW YOU CAN GET ACCESS TO THIS INFORMATION.

PLEASE REVIEW IT CAREFULLY.

This Notice provides information about the use and disclosure of protected health information by the Optimal Health Initiatives Consortium ("OHI"). OHI is required by law to maintain the privacy of protected health information. Protected health information, or "PHI," is information about you that relates to your health, condition, health care provided to you, and payment for health care services. Your PHI includes any of this information that identifies you or could be used to identify you.

This Notice is provided to you to explain our legal duties and privacy practices with respect to your PHI. The Optimal Health Initiatives Consortium is required to abide by the terms of the Notice currently in effect.

This notice applies to the Optimal Health Initiatives Consortium and its controlling divisions, namely:

- Northern Buckeye Health Plan, Northwest Division of OHI;
- Scioto Health Plan, Southeast Division of OHI; and
- Butler Health Plan, Southwest Division of OHI: and
- Ohio Healthcare Plan, Central Division of OHI.

When used in this Notice, the term "We" or "Our" refers to OHI and its divisions.

<u>Uses and Disclosures of PHI.</u> We will use or disclose your PHI as needed and in accordance with the law for purposes of treatment, payment and health care operations. We may use and disclose your PHI for the following purposes without your consent or permission:

Treatment: "Treatment" means the provision, coordination or management of health care by one or more health care providers, including consultations, referrals and coordination with a third party. We are not a health care provider and do not render health care; however, we may disclose your PHI to a health care provider, for example, to assist that provider with respect to your treatment.

Payment: "Payment" includes the activities undertaken by a health care provider to obtain payment and the activities undertaken by a plan to determine eligibility and benefits; to conduct utilization review, precertification, concurrent care and retrospective review activities; to bill and collect premiums; to coordinate benefits and enforce its reimbursement and subrogation rights; and to obtain payment from stop-loss insurance. For example, we may disclose your PHI to Our claims administrator so that we can determine the amount of benefits that may be payable by your health plan.

Health Care Operations: "Health care operations" includes underwriting, premium rating, and other activities relating to the creation or maintenance of a health plan; the acquisition and maintenance of stop-loss insurance; conducting or arranging for medical review, legal services and auditing; business planning and development relating to the management and operation of a health plan; and conducting the general business activities of a plan. For example, we may disclose your PHI in order to obtain or renew stop loss insurance coverage.

Underwriting Purposes: If at any time we intend to use or disclose your PHI for underwriting purposes, please be advised that We are prohibited from using or disclosing PHI that is genetic information of an individual for such purposes.

Business Associates: The activities and functions listed above may be performed by third parties, called business associates. We may disclose your PHI to a business associate to the extent necessary for it to perform those activities and functions. Our claims administrator is a business associate. We may have other business associates as well. When disclosing information to a business associate, we will appropriately protect your PHI by contract.

Other Disclosures: We may use or disclose your PHI without your consent or authorization to the extent that such use or disclosure is required by law and the use

or disclosure complies with and is limited to the relevant requirements of the law. Examples of instances in which We are required to disclose your PHI include: (a) to a person who is authorized by applicable law to make decisions on your behalf regarding your health care and to your executor, administrator or other personal representative following your death;

(b) to a member of your family or a close friend who is involved in your health care or payment for your health care to the extent of his or her involvement; however, We will not do so if you tell us not to; (c) to an authorized public health authority for certain public health activities such as preventing and controlling disease, injury or disability; (d) in response to a court order or other lawful process;

(e) to a law enforcement official for law enforcement purposes to the extent permitted under law; (f) to a governmental health oversight agency; (g) to coroners, medical examiners and funeral directors as needed for them to perform their duties; (h) for cadaveric donation of organs, eyes or tissue; (i) to avert a serious threat to the health or safety of any person or to the public; (j) certain military activities; (k)

national security and intelligence activities; (l) to a correctional institution where you are an inmate; (m) to permit a Sponsor to comply with laws regarding workers compensation and work-related medical conditions; and (n) to a governmental health oversight agency.

Disclosures to Plan Sponsors: We will disclose your PHI to designated representatives of Our Plan Sponsors for purposes related to treatment, payment and health care operations. For example, we may disclose information to the Plan Sponsors regarding your present or former enrollment information. The Plan Sponsors are also required to protect your PHI.

<u>Uses and Disclosures Pursuant to Your</u>
<u>Authorization.</u> We will not make any other use or disclosure of your PHI (other than disclosures incidental to a permitted use or disclosure) unless you give us your written authorization to do so. We require your written authorization for most uses and disclosures of

psychotherapy notes, for marketing (other than a face-to-face communication between you and one of Our workforce members or a promotional gift of nominal value), or before selling your PHI. If you authorize us to use or disclose PHI about you, you may revoke that authorization, in writing, at any time. If you revoke your authorization, we will no longer use or disclose your PHI for the reasons listed in your written authorization. The revocation will not apply to uses or disclosures that have already occurred. Also, we will continue to comply with laws that require certain disclosures.

Additional Protection of Your PHI. Special state and federal laws apply to certain classes of PHI. For example, additional protections may apply to information about sexually transmitted diseases, drug and alcohol abuse treatment records, mental health records, and HIV/AIDS information. When required by law, We will

obtain your authorization before releasing this type of information.

<u>Your Rights.</u> You have certain rights with respect to your PHI.

Restrictions on Uses and Disclosures: You have the right to request restrictions or limits on your PHI We use or disclose about you for treatment, payment or health care operations. We are not required to agree to such other requests. However, if we do agree, we will comply with your request unless the information is needed to provide you with emergency treatment or to make a disclosure that is required under law. Restriction requests must be in writing and you must tell us: what information you want to limit; (2) whether you want to limit Our use, disclosure or both; and (3) to whom you want the limits to apply. We may terminate an agreement to a restriction if We inform you of this termination.

We will notify you of such termination, if applicable. You may also request to terminate a restriction or limitation on your PHI. To request a restriction or limit on your PHI, write to the contact person listed near the end of this Notice.

Restrictions on Communications from OHI: You have the right to make a written request that we communicate with you by alternate means or at alternate locations if you clearly state that the disclosure of your PHI through Our ordinary means of communications could endanger you. We will accommodate reasonable requests.

Direct your written request to the contact person listed near the end of this Notice.

Inspection and Copying of PHI: You have the right to make a written request that you be allowed to inspect and copy your PHI. All requests for access to your PHI must be in writing and signed by you or your representative. We may charge you a fee, especially if extensive and/or non-recent PHI is requested. We may also charge for postage if you request a mailed copy. If the information you request is maintained electronically, and you request an electronic copy of such information, we will provide you with access to the information in the electronic form and format you request, if it is readily producible in such form and format; or, if not, in a readable electronic form and format as you and We agree. In some limited situations, your request to review or receive a copy may be denied. For example, when a licensed health care professional determines that access may endanger your life/physical safety or the life/physical safety of another. In some denial situations, you have the right to have the denial evaluated by a reviewing official. Based upon the determination of the reviewing official we will then provide or deny access. To request to review and/or receive a copy of your PHI, you or your representative, as applicable, will need to

complete a signed release of information authorization form that may be obtained the contact person listed near the end of this Notice.

Amendment of PHI: You have the right to make a written request to amend your PHI. As part of your request, you must explain the reasons why you think the information should be amended. We are not obligated to make all requested amendments but will give each request careful consideration. For example, an amendment request may be denied if the information to be amended was not created by us or is not part of the PHI kept by us. If an amendment you request is made by us, we may also notify others who

work with us and have copies of the uncorrected record if We believe that such notification is necessary. Direct your written request for amendments to the contact person listed near the end of this Notice.

Accounting of Disclosures: You have the right to make a written request for and to receive an accounting of disclosures of your PHI that we have made during the 6 years prior to the date the accounting is requested. However, this does not apply to disclosures made for purposes of treatment, payment or health care operations, disclosures made to you, disclosures made to persons involved in your care, or disclosures made for national security or intelligence purposes as authorized by the National Security Act.

Paper Copy of Notice: You may request and receive a paper copy of this Notice, even if you have received an electronic version of this Notice.

Breach Notification: In the event of any breach of unsecured PHI, we are required to, and will, fully comply with breach notification requirements mandated by law, which will include notification to you of any impact that breach may have had on you

and the actions we have undertaken to minimize any impact the breach may or could have on you.

Complaints. If you are concerned that We have violated your privacy, or you disagree with a decision We made about access to your records, you may file a complaint with Our Privacy Officer. If you want to file a complaint, send a written statement describing your complaint to the contact person listed below. No one will retaliate against you for filing a complaint. If you believe that your privacy rights have been violated, you may also contact the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS).

Generally, a complaint must be filed with HHS within 180 days after the act or omission occurred, or within 180 days of when you knew or should have known of the action or omission.

Privacy Notice Changes. We reserve the right to change the privacy practices described in this Notice. We reserve the right to make the revised or changed Notice effective for PHI we already have as well as any information we may receive in the future. We will post a copy of the current Notice on Our websites. You may link to each division from http://www.ohi-online.org Also, if we revise the Notice, We will provide the revised Notice, or information about the revision and how to obtain the revised Notice, in our next annual communication (newsletter or mailing) to individuals then covered by OHI's health plans.

<u>Contact.</u> If you wish to file a complaint or obtain further information about OHI's privacy policy, please contact:

Privacy Officer Optimal Health Initiatives 400 North Erie Blvd., Suite B Hamilton, OH 45011 Phone: 513-896-2300 Effective Date. The effective date of this Notice of Privacy Practices is September 23, 2013.