#### Certification of Health Care Provider for Employee's Serious Health Condition (Family and Medical Leave Act)

#### U.S. Department of Labor

Wage and Hour Division



DO NOT SEND COMPLETED FORM TO THE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR; RETURN TO THE PATIENT

OMB Control Number: 1235-0003 Expires: 5/31/2018

#### **SECTION I: For Completion by the EMPLOYER**

**INSTRUCTIONS to the EMPLOYER:** The Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA) provides that an employer may require an employee seeking FMLA protections because of a need for leave due to a serious health condition to submit a medical certification issued by the employee's health care provider. Please complete Section I before giving this form to your employee. Your response is voluntary. While you are not required to use this form, you may not ask the employee to provide more information than allowed under the FMLA regulations, 29 C.F.R. §§ 825.306-825.308. Employers must generally maintain records and documents relating to medical certifications, recertifications, or medical histories of employees created for FMLA purposes as confidential medical records in separate files/records from the usual personnel files and in accordance with 29 C.F.R. § 1630.14(c)(1), if the Americans with Disabilities Act applies, and in accordance with 29 C.F.R. § 1635.9, if the Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act applies.

Employer name and contact:					
Employee's job title: Regular work schedule:					
Employee's essential job function	is:				
Check if job description is attache	ed:				
The FMLA permits an employer to support a request for FMLA leaves is required to obtain or retain the complete and sufficient medical complete.	OYEE: Please complet to require that you submedue to your own seriou benefit of FMLA protect certification may result in	the Section II before giving this form to your medical provider. it a timely, complete, and sufficient medical certification to a health condition. If requested by your employer, your response tions. 29 U.S.C. §§ 2613, 2614(c)(3). Failure to provide a head a denial of your FMLA request. 20 C.F.R. § 825.313. Your health this form. 29 C.F.R. § 825.305(b).			
Your name: First	Middle	Last			
1 1151	Middle	Last			
fully and completely, all applicable condition, treatment, etc. Your are examination of the patient. Be as be sufficient to determine FMLA leave. Do not provide information	TH CARE PROVIDER le parts. Several questionswer should be your best specific as you can; terr coverage. Limit your rest n about genetic tests, as diffestation of disease or de-	R: Your patient has requested leave under the FMLA. Answer, ons seek a response as to the frequency or duration of a st estimate based upon your medical knowledge, experience, and ms such as "lifetime," "unknown," or "indeterminate" may not sponses to the condition for which the employee is seeking defined in 29 C.F.R. § 1635.3(f), genetic services, as defined in disorder in the employee's family members, 29 C.F.R. §			
Provider's name and business add	lress:				
Type of practice / Medical special	lty:				
Telephone: ()_		Fax:()			

## PART A: MEDICAL FACTS 1. Approximate date condition commenced: Probable duration of condition: Mark below as applicable: Was the patient admitted for an overnight stay in a hospital, hospice, or residential medical care facility? No Yes. If so, dates of admission: Date(s) you treated the patient for condition: Will the patient need to have treatment visits at least twice per year due to the condition? No Yes. Was medication, other than over-the-counter medication, prescribed? \_\_\_No \_\_\_Yes. Was the patient referred to other health care provider(s) for evaluation or treatment (e.g., physical therapist)? No Yes. If so, state the nature of such treatments and expected duration of treatment: 2. Is the medical condition pregnancy? \_\_\_No \_\_\_Yes. If so, expected delivery date: \_\_\_\_ 3. Use the information provided by the employer in Section I to answer this question. If the employer fails to provide a list of the employee's essential functions or a job description, answer these questions based upon the employee's own description of his/her job functions. Is the employee unable to perform any of his/her job functions due to the condition: No Yes. If so, identify the job functions the employee is unable to perform: 4. Describe other relevant medical facts, if any, related to the condition for which the employee seeks leave (such medical facts may include symptoms, diagnosis, or any regimen of continuing treatment such as the use of specialized equipment):

## PART B: AMOUNT OF LEAVE NEEDED 5. Will the employee be incapacitated for a single continuous period of time due to his/her medical condition, including any time for treatment and recovery? No Yes. If so, estimate the beginning and ending dates for the period of incapacity: 6. Will the employee need to attend follow-up treatment appointments or work part-time or on a reduced schedule because of the employee's medical condition? No Yes. If so, are the treatments or the reduced number of hours of work medically necessary? \_\_\_No \_\_\_Yes. Estimate treatment schedule, if any, including the dates of any scheduled appointments and the time required for each appointment, including any recovery period: Estimate the part-time or reduced work schedule the employee needs, if any: hour(s) per day; days per week from through 7. Will the condition cause episodic flare-ups periodically preventing the employee from performing his/her job functions? No Yes. Is it medically necessary for the employee to be absent from work during the flare-ups? \_\_\_\_ No \_\_\_\_Yes. If so, explain: Based upon the patient's medical history and your knowledge of the medical condition, estimate the frequency of flare-ups and the duration of related incapacity that the patient may have over the next 6 months (e.g., 1 episode every 3 months lasting 1-2 days): : times per week(s) month(s) Frequency Duration: hours or day(s) per episode ADDITIONAL INFORMATION: IDENTIFY QUESTION NUMBER WITH YOUR ADDITIONAL ANSWER.

Signature of Health Care Provider	Date

#### PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT NOTICE AND PUBLIC BURDEN STATEMENT

If submitted, it is mandatory for employers to retain a copy of this disclosure in their records for three years. 29 U.S.C. § 2616; 29 C.F.R. § 825.500. Persons are not required to respond to this collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. The Department of Labor estimates that it will take an average of 20 minutes for respondents to complete this collection of information, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. If you have any comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, send them to the Administrator, Wage and Hour Division, U.S. Department of Labor, Room S-3502, 200 Constitution Ave., NW, Washington, DC 20210. DO NOT SEND COMPLETED FORM TO THE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR; RETURN TO THE PATIENT.

## Certification of Health Care Provider for Family Member's Serious Health Condition (Family and Medical Leave Act)

### U.S. Department of Labor Wage and Hour Division



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OMB Control Number: 1235-0003 Expires: 5/31/2018

#### **SECTION I:** For Completion by the EMPLOYER

**INSTRUCTIONS to the EMPLOYER:** The Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA) provides that an employer may require an employee seeking FMLA protections because of a need for leave to care for a covered family member with a serious health condition to submit a medical certification issued by the health care provider of the covered family member. Please complete Section I before giving this form to your employee. Your response is voluntary. While you are not required to use this form, you may not ask the employee to provide more information than allowed under the FMLA regulations, 29 C.F.R. §§ 825.306-825.308. Employers must generally maintain records and documents relating to medical certifications, recertifications, or medical histories of employees' family members, created for FMLA purposes as confidential medical records in separate files/records from the usual personnel files and in accordance with 29 C.F.R. § 1630.14(c)(1), if the Americans with Disabilities Act applies, and in accordance with 29 C.F.R. § 1635.9, if the Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act applies.

and in accordance with 29 C.F.R.	§ 1635.9, if the Genetic	c Information	Nondiscrimination Act	applies.
Employer name and contact:				
SECTION II: For Completion INSTRUCTIONS to the EMPL member or his/her medical provide complete, and sufficient medical emember with a serious health con retain the benefit of FMLA protect sufficient medical certification may must give you at least 15 calendary Your name:	OYEE: Please completer. The FMLA permits certification to support addition. If requested by etions. 29 U.S.C. §§ 26 by result in a denial of year days to return this form	s an employer a request for your employer 13, 2614(c)(3 your FMLA rent to your employer	r to require that you sub FMLA leave to care for er, your response is requ 3). Failure to provide a equest. 29 C.F.R. § 825	mit a timely, a covered family aired to obtain or complete and .313. Your employer
First	Middle	]	Last	
Name of family member for whom	n you will provide care			
Relationship of family member to	you:	First	Middle	Last
If family member is your son	or daughter, date of bir	th:		
Describe care you will provide to	your family member ar	nd estimate le	ave needed to provide c	are:
Employee Signature		Date		
Page 1	CONTINUED (	ON NEXT PAGE	Form	WH-380-F Revised May 2015

#### SECTION III: For Completion by the HEALTH CARE PROVIDER

**INSTRUCTIONS to the HEALTH CARE PROVIDER:** The employee listed above has requested leave under the FMLA to care for your patient. Answer, fully and completely, all applicable parts below. Several questions seek a response as to the frequency or duration of a condition, treatment, etc. Your answer should be your best estimate based upon your medical knowledge, experience, and examination of the patient. Be as specific as you can; terms such as "lifetime," "unknown," or "indeterminate" may not be sufficient to determine FMLA coverage. Limit your responses to the condition for which the patient needs leave. Do not provide information about genetic tests, as defined in 29 C.F.R. § 1635.3(f), or genetic services, as defined in 29 C.F.R. § 1635.3(e). Page 3 provides space for additional information, should you need it. Please be sure to sign the form on the last page.

Provider's name and business address:
Type of practice / Medical specialty:
Telephone: ()Fax:()
PART A: MEDICAL FACTS
1. Approximate date condition commenced:
Probable duration of condition:
Was the patient admitted for an overnight stay in a hospital, hospice, or residential medical care facility? NoYes. If so, dates of admission:
Date(s) you treated the patient for condition:
Was medication, other than over-the-counter medication, prescribed?NoYes.
Will the patient need to have treatment visits at least twice per year due to the condition?NoYes
Was the patient referred to other health care provider(s) for evaluation or treatment (e.g., physical therapist)?  NoYes. If so, state the nature of such treatments and expected duration of treatment:
2. Is the medical condition pregnancy?NoYes. If so, expected delivery date:
3. Describe other relevant medical facts, if any, related to the condition for which the patient needs care (such medical facts may include symptoms, diagnosis, or any regimen of continuing treatment such as the use of specialized equipment):

transportation needs, or the provision of physical or psychological care: 4. Will the patient be incapacitated for a single continuous period of time, including any time for treatment and recovery? No Yes. Estimate the beginning and ending dates for the period of incapacity: During this time, will the patient need care? No Yes. Explain the care needed by the patient and why such care is medically necessary: 5. Will the patient require follow-up treatments, including any time for recovery? No Yes. Estimate treatment schedule, if any, including the dates of any scheduled appointments and the time required for each appointment, including any recovery period: Explain the care needed by the patient, and why such care is medically necessary: 6. Will the patient require care on an intermittent or reduced schedule basis, including any time for recovery? No Yes. Estimate the hours the patient needs care on an intermittent basis, if any: hour(s) per day; days per week from through Explain the care needed by the patient, and why such care is medically necessary:

PART B: AMOUNT OF CARE NEEDED: When answering these questions, keep in mind that your patient's need for care by the employee seeking leave may include assistance with basic medical, hygienic, nutritional, safety or

ΑI	DDITIONAL INFORMATION: IDENTIFY QUESTION NUMBER WITH YOUR ADDITIONAL ANSWER.
	Explain the care needed by the patient, and why such care is medically necessary:
	Does the patient need care during these flare-ups? No Yes.
	Duration: hours or day(s) per episode
	Frequency: times per week(s) month(s)
	Based upon the patient's medical history and your knowledge of the medical condition, estimate the frequency of flare-ups and the duration of related incapacity that the patient may have over the next 6 months (e.g., 1 episode every 3 months lasting 1-2 days):
	Will the condition cause episodic flare-ups periodically preventing the patient from participating in normal daily activities?NoYes.

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# EMPLOYEE RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES UNDER THE FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE ACT

#### **Basic Leave Entitlement**

FMLA requires covered employers to provide up to 12 weeks of unpaid, job-protected leave to eligible employees for the following reasons:

- for incapacity due to pregnancy, prenatal medical care or child birth;
- to care for the employee's child after birth, or placement for adoption or foster care:
- to care for the employee's spouse, son, daughter or parent, who has a serious health condition; or
- for a serious health condition that makes the employee unable to perform the employee's job.

#### **Military Family Leave Entitlements**

Eligible employees whose spouse, son, daughter or parent is on covered active duty or call to covered active duty status may use their 12-week leave entitlement to address certain qualifying exigencies. Qualifying exigencies may include attending certain military events, arranging for alternative childcare, addressing certain financial and legal arrangements, attending certain counseling sessions, and attending post-deployment reintegration briefings.

FMLA also includes a special leave entitlement that permits eligible employees to take up to 26 weeks of leave to care for a covered service-member during a single 12-month period. A covered servicemember is: (1) a current member of the Armed Forces, including a member of the National Guard or Reserves, who is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation or therapy, is otherwise in outpatient status, or is otherwise on the temporary disability retired list, for a serious injury or illness\*; or (2) a veteran who was discharged or released under conditions other than dishonorable at any time during the five-year period prior to the first date the eligible employee takes FMLA leave to care for the covered veteran, and who is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy for a serious injury or illness.\*

\*The FMLA definitions of "serious injury or illness" for current servicemembers and veterans are distinct from the FMLA definition of "serious health condition".

#### **Benefits and Protections**

During FMLA leave, the employer must maintain the employee's health coverage under any "group health plan" on the same terms as if the employee had continued to work. Upon return from FMLA leave, most employees must be restored to their original or equivalent positions with equivalent pay, benefits, and other employment terms.

Use of FMLA leave cannot result in the loss of any employment benefit that accrued prior to the start of an employee's leave.

#### **Eligibility Requirements**

Employees are eligible if they have worked for a covered employer for at least 12 months, have 1,250 hours of service in the previous 12 months\*, and if at least 50 employees are employed by the employer within 75 miles.

\*Special hours of service eligibility requirements apply to airline flight crew employees.

#### **Definition of Serious Health Condition**

A serious health condition is an illness, injury, impairment, or physical or mental condition that involves either an overnight stay in a medical care facility, or continuing treatment by a health care provider for a condition that either prevents the employee from performing the functions of the employee's job, or prevents the qualified family member from participating in school or other daily activities.

Subject to certain conditions, the continuing treatment requirement may be met by a period of incapacity of more than 3 consecutive calendar days combined with at least two visits to a health care provider or one visit and a regimen of continuing treatment, or incapacity due to pregnancy, or incapacity due to a chronic condition. Other conditions may meet the definition of continuing treatment.

#### **Use of Leave**

An employee does not need to use this leave entitlement in one block. Leave can be taken intermittently or on a reduced leave schedule when medically necessary. Employees must make reasonable efforts to schedule leave for planned medical treatment so as not to unduly disrupt the employer's operations. Leave due to qualifying exigencies may also be taken on an intermittent basis.

#### **Substitution of Paid Leave for Unpaid Leave**

Employees may choose or employers may require use of accrued paid leave while taking FMLA leave. In order to use paid leave for FMLA leave, employees must comply with the employer's normal paid leave policies.

#### **Employee Responsibilities**

Employees must provide 30 days advance notice of the need to take FMLA leave when the need is foreseeable. When 30 days notice is not possible, the employee must provide notice as soon as practicable and generally must comply with an employer's normal call-in procedures.

Employees must provide sufficient information for the employer to determine if the leave may qualify for FMLA protection and the anticipated timing and duration of the leave. Sufficient information may include that the employee is unable to perform job functions, the family member is unable to perform daily activities, the need for hospitalization or continuing treatment by a health care provider, or circumstances supporting the need for military family leave. Employees also must inform the employer if the requested leave is for a reason for which FMLA leave was previously taken or certified. Employees also may be required to provide a certification and periodic recertification supporting the need for leave.

#### **Employer Responsibilities**

Covered employers must inform employees requesting leave whether they are eligible under FMLA. If they are, the notice must specify any additional information required as well as the employees' rights and responsibilities. If they are not eligible, the employer must provide a reason for the ineligibility.

Covered employers must inform employees if leave will be designated as FMLA-protected and the amount of leave counted against the employee's leave entitlement. If the employer determines that the leave is not FMLA-protected, the employer must notify the employee.

#### **Unlawful Acts by Employers**

FMLA makes it unlawful for any employer to:

- interfere with, restrain, or deny the exercise of any right provided under FMLA; and
- discharge or discriminate against any person for opposing any practice made unlawful by FMLA or for involvement in any proceeding under or relating to FMLA.

#### Enforcement

An employee may file a complaint with the U.S. Department of Labor or may bring a private lawsuit against an employer.

FMLA does not affect any Federal or State law prohibiting discrimination, or supersede any State or local law or collective bargaining agreement which provides greater family or medical leave rights.

FMLA section 109 (29 U.S.C. § 2619) requires FMLA covered employers to post the text of this notice. Regulation 29 C.F.R. § 825.300(a) may require additional disclosures.



